

7. (Previously presented) The capsule particle of claim 1 which is incorporated into a consumer product selected from the group consisting of a detergent, a fabric softener, a body wash, a soap, a shampoo and hair rinse, an anti-perspirant, a deodorant, a skin cream, and a hard surface cleaner.

8. (Currently amended) A capsule particle comprising a miscible hydrophobic solvent and a liquid fragrance that are encapsulated by a polymer, wherein said hydrophobic solvent is greater than about 30 weight percent and selected from the group consisting of triglyceride oil, mono and diglycerides, mineral oil, silicone oil, diethyl phthalate, polyalpha olefins, and isopropyl myristate.

9. (Currently amended) The capsule particle of claim 8 wherein more than about 50 weight percent liquid fragrance has a ClogP of greater than about 3.3.

10. (Currently amended) The capsule particle of claim 8 wherein the liquid fragrance is comprised of 8 or more fragrance chemicals.

11. (Currently amended) A capsule particle comprising:
a liquid core, said liquid core containing a mixture of a stabilizer and a solvent; and
a material encapsulating said liquid core,
wherein greater than about 50 weight percent said mixture has a ClogP of greater than about 3.3.

12. (Previously presented) The capsule particle of claim 11, wherein the ClogP is greater than about 8.

13. (Previously presented) A method of providing a fragrance to a consumer product comprising incorporating at least about 0.5 weight percent capsule particle of claim 11 into said consumer product.

14. (Withdrawn) A method of encapsulating a fragrance material comprising:
 providing a product base containing non-encapsulated fragrance material and surfactant material;
 providing a permeable capsule material wherein the permeable capsule material contains greater than about 70 weight percent fragrance material and or solvent having a ClogP value of greater than about 3.3; and
 allowing the non-encapsulated fragrance material and the permeable capsule material containing the fragrance material to come to equilibrium thereby transporting a portion of the non-encapsulated fragrance through the permeable shell wall into the interior of the capsule and retaining the fragrance contents of the permeable capsule.
15. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 14 where more than 70% of the fragrance is retained after a week.
16. (Withdrawn) A consumer product containing an aqueous base, surfactant greater than about 3 weight percent of the product, non- encapsulated fragrance, and the particles of claim 1.
17. (Withdrawn) The consumer product of claim 16 wherein the amount of non-encapsulated fragrance and fragrance contained in the particles is about 30:70 weight percent to about 70:30 weight percent.
18. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14 wherein a portion of the solvent contained within the capsule migrates out of the capsule to provide free volume within the capsule.

19. (Withdrawn) A slurry comprising:
permeable capsules containing at least about 20 weight percent
sacrificial solvent;
an aqueous product base containing more than 40 weight percent
fragrance materials having a ClogP value of at least about 3.0.
20. (Withdrawn) The slurry of claim 19 wherein the sacrificial solvent contained in
the capsules is selected from the group consisting of benzyl acetate and octanol.
21. (Withdrawn) The slurry of claim 20 wherein at least about 20 weight percent of
the sacrificial solvent originally contained within the capsule migrates outside of the
capsule over a period of at least one week.
22. (Withdrawn) A method of making capsules containing high ClogP liquid
fragrance materials within the capsule comprising the steps of:
providing a sacrificial solvent having a ClogP value of from about
1 to about 3;
encapsulating the sacrificial solvent with a permeable encapsulate
material;
providing the encapsulated sacrificial solvent in an liquid
environment containing fragrance materials with ClogP of greater than about 3.3;
allowing the capsules containing the sacrificial solvent to come to
equilibrium with the environment containing the high ClogP fragrance materials;
whereby at least 20 weight percent of the sacrificial solvent
migrates from the capsule into the environment.
23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22 wherein the sacrificial solvent has a ClogP
of from about 1.25 to about 2.5.
24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23 wherein the sacrificial solvent is selected
from the group consisting of benzyl acetate and octanol.

25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22 wherein at least about 40 weight percent of the sacrificial solvent migrates from the capsule interior to the environment.
26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22 wherein the environment comprises water.
27. (Withdrawn) The slurry of claim 19 which is incorporated into a wash-off product.
28. (Withdrawn) The slurry of claim 27 wherein the wash-off product is selected from laundry detergent, fabric rinse conditioner, hair shampoos, hair conditioners, liquid soaps, body wash and automatic dishwashing compositions.